



CELEBRATING 100 YEARS OF INTERPOL



NEPAL POLICE



Rashtrapati Bhawan
Maharajgunj, Kathmandu, Nepal.

30 August 2023

The President

The Message

It gives me immense pleasure in extending my deepest congratulations to INTERPOL on its 100th anniversary. The centenary is the celebration of outstanding contribution of security force, underpinned by their selflessness, and ongoing dedication to the community and the peoples across the globe. I indeed greatly appreciate the strong togetherness and collaboration that Nepal and INTERPOL have sustained over the years.

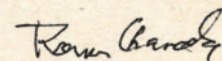
It is noteworthy that Nepal Police, on the monumental occasion of INTERPOL's 100th anniversary, is unveiling an intriguing "INTERPOL Coffee Table Book" that goes deeply into the history, significance and accomplishments of this international trailblazer in the domain of law enforcement. The publication not only commemorates a century of international police co-operation, but also shines a spotlight on the close ties and co-operation between the Nepal Police and INTERPOL for over five decades.

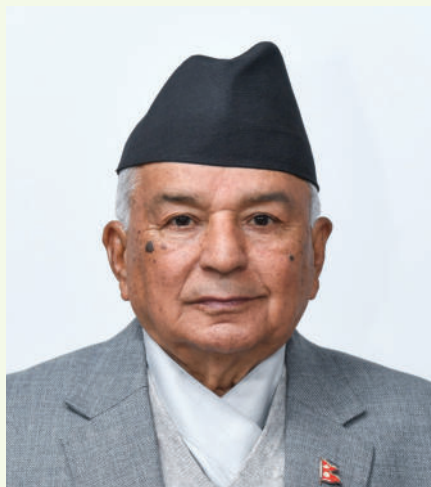
In the contemporary world, where borders are blur and criminals exploit these boundaries, the need for a cohesive approach becomes ever more pronounced. The INTERPOL's legacy serves as a reminder that together we are stronger, more agile, and better equipped to safeguard our societies from the threats that transcend across the borders. For this reason, I choose to place a high value on the contribution of INTERPOL as its innovative and nurturing efforts have helped to create the society that embodies a blend of safety, trust, values, ethics and morals.

As we celebrate the past, we also anticipate a future where this co-operation continues to evolve adapting to new challenges and ever-expanding horizons. I trust that the publication, launched by Nepal Police, shall serve as a reminder to the ongoing need for further collaboration and the vital role to be played by INTERPOL and NCB Kathmandu, in maintaining comprehensive global security.

I wish all the best for the successful launch of this important publication.

Thank You


Ramchandra Poudel





KATHMANDU
NEPAL

The Prime Minister

Message

It gives me immense pleasure to learn that Nepal Police is publishing 'Pictorial Coffee Table Book' on the auspicious occasion of INTERPOL's Centennial Celebration by including the history of Nepal Police, its affiliation and engagement in INTERPOL and other important aspects of the organization. On this happy occasion, I wish to extend my hearty felicitations to the INTERPOL and Nepal Police. I believe that collaboration and partnership between Nepal Police and INTERPOL will remain further stronger in the days to come for enhancing global security, controlling illegal activities across nations and combating transnational crimes.

The role played by INTERPOL over the last century in sharing information among its member states and extending cooperation for curbing crimes and illegal activities across the globe is admirable. I appreciate Nepal Police and National Central Bureau (NCB) Kathmandu for their constructive engagement with INTERPOL and their dedicated and relentless efforts in combating all kinds of transnational and organized crimes to make the world safer and better place to live in for all human-beings. The solidarity demonstrated by INTERPOL and Nepal Police towards peace, security, and the control of transnational organized crime through bilateral and multilateral police cooperation is truly commendable, and it should be continued and further deepened at another level in the future.

As we celebrate INTERPOL's centennial, I encourage Nepal Police and NCB Kathmandu to continue working hand in hand with INTERPOL, harnessing the power of International cooperation, exchanging Knowledge and experiences for controlling crimes, and upholding the rule of law to create and ensure a secured and crime-free world.

Finally, I wish INTERPOL and Nepal Police continued success in their noble mission and the grand success of the publication.

Pushpa Kamal Dahal 'Prachanda'

11 July 2023



MESSAGE

On Behalf of the Ministry of Home Affairs, I extend my heartiest congratulations to INTERPOL HQ and NCB Kathmandu on the momentous occasion of INTERPOL's Centennial Celebration.

Nepal Police's enduring partnership with INTERPOL has been pivotal in maintaining law and order, not only within our borders but also across borders. I would like to express my sincere gratitude to INTERPOL for its invaluable contribution to creating a safer world. The longstanding collaboration and cooperation between INTERPOL and Nepal Police through NCB Kathmandu have been a cornerstone in our collective pursuit of peace, security, and the rule of law. Since last year, the integration between the Nepali Port and Interpol Database (FIND) allowing the real-time screening of the people and documents at the immigration checkpoint is also a remarkable support.


Furthermore, I would also like to extend my heartfelt congratulations to Nepal Police for their historic expedition to the peak of the Mt. Everest, commemorating INTERPOL's 100th year. This remarkable feat showcase the indomitable spirit, courage, and determination of Nepal Police.

Also, I am pleased to acknowledge the noble initiative undertaken by the Nepal Police, especially NCB Kathmandu team for crafting this noble idea of celebrating the INTERPOL centennial celebration and pushing it to a new height that will reflect the values that Nepal Police hold.

Let us renew our commitment to strengthen international cooperation, collaboration, enhance information sharing, and embrace new technologies to stay one step ahead of the evolving challenges. Together, we can create a world where citizens can live without fear and where justice prevails.

Congratulations to INTERPOL and Nepal Police on this momentous occasion.

7th July 2023


(Narayan Kaji Shrestha)





Ref No.:

GOVERNMENT OF NEPAL
MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS



Singha Durbar
Kathmandu, Nepal.

Date:



Warm greetings and congratulations on the auspicious occasion of INTERPOL's Centenary. I am extremely honoured to extend my heartfelt congratulations to this esteemed organization and all stakeholders for having accomplished this historic milestone.

I would like to express my sincere appreciation to INTERPOL and the National Central Bureau (NCB) Kathmandu, Nepal Police for their exemplary partnership, cooperation and collaboration demonstrated in upholding peace and security and combating transnational crime.

The successful stories carried out by Nepal Police reflects a significant value of Nepal Police in fighting against transnational crimes, adopting the latest prevailing technologies and developing skills of Police officers as well as representation of Nepal to International communities.

Moreover, whereas INTERPOL, plays a unifying role for law enforcement agencies around the globe of prevention and suppression of crime, I would like to appreciate the dedication, commitment and professionalism of Nepal Police and NCB Kathmandu towards achieving these shared objectives.

Once again, my heartfelt congratulations to INTERPOL as a whole and the Nepal Police for their role in efforts toward making the world a safer place.

July 10, 2023

Dinesh Bhattarai
Home Secretary



प्रहरी महानिरीक्षक बसन्त बहादुर कुँवर
Inspector General of Police Basanta Bahadur Kunwar
Chief of Nepal Police

नेपाल प्रहरी प्रधान कार्यालय,
नक्साल, काठमाडौं, नेपाल ।
Nepal Police Headquarters,
Naxal, Kathmandu, Nepal

Felicitations

As the Head of NCB-Kathmandu and Nepal Police, I am proud to be a part of the Centennial milestone achieved by the INTERPOL. On this momentous occasion, I would like to express my profound gratitude to this esteemed organization and its members for their invaluable support and guidance, enabling us to enhance our capabilities in combating organized and transnational criminal networks.

As the 100th member of INTERPOL, Nepal Police has always played a significant role in INTERPOL's meritorious history since our membership in 1967. During this time, we have demonstrated our unwavering commitment to upholding the rule of law and maintaining public safety.

To mark this Centenary in a unique and memorable way, we successfully hoisted the flags of INTERPOL and Nepal Police at the apex of the Mount Everest. I believe, this historic accomplishment showcases the unparalleled dedication, resilience, and bravery of our officers and personnel.

Moreover, I would like to pay tribute to the tireless efforts of the former Heads of NCB-Kathmandu in upgrading the partnership between Nepal Police and INTERPOL. Their visionary leadership and strategic initiatives have paved the way for a stronger alliance, enhancing our capabilities in combatting transnational crime and fostering international collaboration.

The future ahead is challenging for the law enforcement agencies around the world. It's time for us to further reinforce our cooperation and adapt to the ever-evolving challenges. I am confident that the next 100 years will bring even greater achievements and advancements in global law enforcement.

Best regards,

26 July 2023

Inspector General of Police
(Basanta Bahadur Kunwar)
Chief of Nepal Police
Head of NCB Kathmandu, Nepal



Ahmed Naser Al-Raisi

President of INTERPOL | Président d'INTERPOL | Presidente de INTERPOL | رئيس الإنتربول



Cross-border collaboration is the cornerstone of effective policing. In today's high-tech world, crime transcends borders, making international cooperation vital. Since 1967, Nepal has been an important INTERPOL partner, supporting operations across Asia, and beyond.

With this book, Nepal not only retraces the roots of its long-standing membership with INTERPOL, but it also celebrates the rich history and successes of Nepalese law enforcement. It honors the commitment of the men and women who have risked and sometimes lost their lives to protect and serve. May it inspire the future generations of law enforcement leaders, in Nepal and beyond.

As we look towards the future, I believe it is important to take the time to reminisce and appreciate the progress we have made over the years. I am proud to see the spirit of collaboration highlighted in the stories Nepal is sharing throughout these pages. It is this spirit that has enabled us to protect communities across the globe for the past 100 years.

Let us continue to work together to efficiently combat crime in all its forms and ensure a safer world for all.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, which appears to be 'A. Raisi', enclosed within a blue oval.

Ahmed Naser Al-Raisi
President of INTERPOL



As INTERPOL celebrates its centenary, it is moment to note the Organization's achievements and success made possible through international police cooperation.

In this regard, Nepal is among the most dynamic and engaged of our member countries. Since joining INTERPOL in 1967, NCB Kathmandu has made significant contributions towards tackling global crime across a range of areas.

These include combating wildlife crime to protect endangered species, assisting investigations into online child sexual abuse, cracking down on financial fraud as well as participating in transnational drug operations and complex human trafficking cases.

And, as the Organization marks its 100-year anniversary, Nepal's commitment has literally reached new heights, raising the INTERPOL flag on the peak of Mount Everest. A truly breathtaking and historic achievement.

The national representatives who met in Australia in 1923 could never have envisaged the security threats we face today, such as cybercrime and the evolving policing challenges posed by artificial intelligence.

It is also difficult to imagine that they could have foreseen that INTERPOL would become the 195 member country organization it is today.

In the same way, we cannot predict what will happen in the next 100 years, but one thing is certain.

It is through the support of member countries such as Nepal that INTERPOL will continue to grow, striving in our united efforts to make the world a safer place.

Jürgen Stock
Secretary General

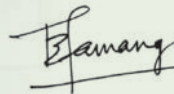
Message from Chief of Crime Investigation Department

It is a proud moment for us to have this opportunity to undertake this remarkable initiation on celebrating INTERPOL's 100 year (Centennial) in such a delightful way showcasing the beauty and diversity of Nepal, and also highlighting the praiseworthy effort of Nepal Police in building international relations to maximum extend.

Nepal Police has always been committed to ensuring the safety and security of our citizens in every possible way. This coffee table book serves as a testament to the tireless efforts of our police, capturing their solid dedication and bravery in protecting the people and upholding justice and the commitment towards the vision of INTERPOL to make this globe a safer world. Furthermore, this book not only offers a glimpse of relation of Nepal and INTERPOL, but praises the multifaceted culture, natural wonders, and vibrant communities that make Nepal truly unique which comprises the memories documented of NCB Kathmandu since it's membership in INTERPOL to the INTERPOL's centenary. This book itself is a history and will remain as a milestone of centenary celebration reflecting dedication and commitment of NCB Kathmandu towards the INTERPOL's objectives.

Once again I extend my heartfelt gratitude to all the concerned personnels who have directly and indirectly contributed in bringing this remarkable coffee table book to life with artistic vision to beautifully capture the essence of our nation and the endeavors of Nepal Police.

I hope this book prevails as a reminder of our shared responsibility to uphold law and order, protect our communities, and preserve the rich heritage of Nepal.



Tek Bahadur Tamang,
(Additional Inspector General of Nepal Police)
Head of Crime Investigation Department



HEADS OF NATIONAL CENTRAL BUREAU (NCB) KATHMANDU



Rom Bahadur Thapa
1966 July - 1972 July



Khadgajeet Baral
1972 July - 1978 July



Durlav Kumar Thapa
1978 July - 1982 June



Dil Bahadur Lama
1982 June - 1986 June



Hem Bahadur Singh
1986 June - 1990 June



Ratna Samsher J.B.R.
1990 June - 1992 Feb.



Moti Lal Bohara
1992 Feb. - 1996 Jan.



Achyut Krishna Kharel
1996 Feb - March /
1996 Dec - 1999 Sep.

HEADS OF NCB KATHMANDU



Dhruva Bahadur Pradhan
1996 Mar. - 1996 Dec.



Pradip Samsher J.B.R.
1999 Sep. - 2001 Dec.



Shyam Bhakta Thapa
2002 Dec. - 2006 Sep.



Om Bikram Rana
2006 Sep. - 2008 Sep.



Hem Bahadur Gurung
2008 Sep. - 2009 Feb.



Ramesh Chand Thakuri
2009 Feb. - 2011 May



Rabindra Pratap Shah
2011 June - 2012 Sep.



Kuber Singh Rana
2012 Sep. - 2013 Nov.



Upendra Kant Aryal
2013 Nov.- 2017 Feb.



Prakash Aryal
2017 April - 2018 April



Sarbendra Khanal
2018 April - 2020 Feb.



Thakur Prasad Gyawaly
2020 Feb. - 2020 July



Shailesh Thapa Kshetri
2020 July - 2022 May



Dhiraj Pratap Singh
2022 July - 2023 May



Basanta Bahadur Kunwar
2023 May - present

10 UNESCO WORLD HERITAGE SITES IN NEPAL

SAGARMATHA NATIONAL PARK

Sagarmatha National Park is a mesmerizing span of pristine landscape which is a home to the highest peak in the world, Mount Everest. The park provides an uncommon chance to witness the spectacular grandeur of the Himalayas including broad variety of flora and fauna. It is native land of Sherpas, the ethnic group renowned for their unique culture and lifestyle.



PASHUPATINATH TEMPLE

Pashupatinath Temple is a famous Hindu temple located on the bank of Bagmati River in Kathmandu, Nepal. It is one of the most significant and sacred temples of Lord Shiva.

In addition to being a religious site, Pashupatinath is known for having spiritual, cultural and architectural value. The temple complex stretches over a large area and consists of various temples, ashrams and holy shrines. The main temple is a pagoda-style structure with golden roof and silver doors. The central deity inside the temple is a Lingam, representing Lord Shiva.

Hindus attach a significant deal of religious importance on Pashupatinath Temple, which is one of the holiest site for pilgrimage in the country. People from Nepal and other nations visit the temple to offer prayers, seek for blessings, and engage in religious activities.

KATHMANDU DURBAR SQUARE

Kathmandu Durbar Square, commonly referred to as Basantapur Durbar Square, is a famous historical place located in the heart of Kathmandu, the capital city of Nepal. It is one of the three Durbar Squares in the Kathmandu Valley, along with Bhaktapur and Patan.

The square is well-known for its extensive cultural, religious, and historical significance.

Kathmandu Durbar Square served as the royal palace of the Malla and Shah dynasties, who ruled Nepal for over centuries. The square is surrounded by stunning palaces, courtyards, temples, monuments and other architectural wonders that showcase the traditional Newari and Hindu architectural styles.





BHAKTAPUR DURBAR SQUARE

Bhaktapur Durbar Square is a historic square located in Bhaktapur, Nepal. Bhaktapur, often referred to as Bhadgaon, one of the three former royal cities in the Kathmandu Valley is famous for its extensive cultural and historical significance.

Many palaces, temples, statues and courtyards can be found in Bhaktapur Durbar Square, which serve as examples of the architectural and cultural triumphs of the Malla dynasty, a medieval power that governed the region. The square displays the distinctive wooden windows, doors, and struts that are carved intricately in traditional Newari style.

The 55 Window Palace, Nyatapola Temple, Bhairavnath Temple, Golden Gate, Vatsala Devi Temple etc. are some notable attractions of Bhaktapur Durbar Square.



PATAN DURBAR SQUARE

Patan Durbar Square, also referred to as Lalitpur Durbar Square, is a historic square located in the city of Lalitpur in Kathmandu valley and is famous for its cultural, architectural and historical significance.

The Malla dynasty ruled over this area in the Middle Ages, and Patan Durbar Square served as their royal palace complex. The square is a vibrant hub of traditional Newari architecture, art and culture.

A large number of temples, shrines and historic structures with distinctive architectural features surround the area. The Patan Museum, Krishna Mandir, Golden Temple (Hiranya Varna Mahavihar), Sundari Chowk, and Patan Durbar Square itself are just a few of the major attractions in Patan Durbar Square.

CHANGU NARAYAN TEMPLE



Changu Narayan Temple is an ancient Hindu temple of lord Vishnu, located in the Changu village of Bhaktapur District in Nepal. As one of Nepal's most revered and renowned temple, Changu Narayan is significant from both religious and cultural standpoint.

The Changu Narayan Temple is famous for its elaborately adorned struts, windows, and doors that display splendid craftsmanship. The temple is decorated with beautiful stone carvings depicting variety of Hindu religious symbols, mythological scenes and deities.

In addition to being a place of worship, Changu Narayan Temple is also an architectural masterpiece. Its historical significance and architectural beauty attract both devotees and tourists alike, making it a popular destination for cultural and religious exploration in Nepal.

BOUDHANATH STUPA

Boudhanath Stupa, also known as Boudha or Boudhanath, is a renowned religious site and one of the most iconic landmarks in Nepal. It is one of the biggest spherical stupas in the world situated in northeast part of Kathmandu and holds great significance for Buddhists.

The Stupa is believed to have been constructed in the 5th century. The mandala shaped stupa is distinguished by its white dome and towering spire, both of which are adorned with the watchful eyes of Buddha. The eyes symbolize wisdom and enlightenment, and they are surrounded by a third eye, which represents insight.

The stupa is a center of pilgrimage for Buddhists from around the world. Many devotees and visitors walk around the stupa in a clock wise direction reciting mantras and spinning prayer wheels. Atmosphere there is filled with a sense of tranquility and spirituality.

After being badly damaged in Nepal's 2015 earthquake, the stupa and its surrounds have now been repaired. For individuals looking for spiritual guidance, travelers, and those interested in learning more about Nepal's extensive Buddhist legacy, Boudhanath remains a popular site.





SWOYAMBHU NATH STUPA

Swayambhu Nath, also known as Swoyambhu or the Monkey Temple, is an ancient religious complex located atop a hill in the western part of Kathmandu, Nepal. It has significant religious and cultural value and is one of Nepal's most revered Buddhist pilgrimage sites.

The main attraction of Swayambhunath is the Swayambhunath Stupa, a large white dome with a gilded spire, adorned with colorful prayer flags. The stupa is believed to have been built around the 5th century and is one of the oldest religious sites in Nepal.

CHITWAN NATIONAL PARK

Chitwan National Park is a renowned national park located in the Terai region of Nepal. It is one of the country's premier protected areas. Covering an area of 952.63 square kilometers (367.81 square miles), the park is known for its diverse wildlife, rich bio-diversity, and lush tropical forests.

Chitwan National Park is primarily famous for its conservation of the endangered one-horned rhinoceros, which has made a remarkable recovery from the brink of extinction. The park is home to a significant population of these majestic creatures, making it one of the best places in the world to observe them in their natural habitat.

In addition to rhinoceros, Chitwan National Park supports a wide range of wildlife, including Bengal tigers, Asian elephants, Sloth bears, Crocodiles, Leopards, and various species of Deers and Monkeys. The park boasts over 500 species of birds, making it a paradise for birdwatching enthusiasts.



LUMBINI

The birth place of Lord Buddha

Lumbini is a sacred pilgrimage site located in the southwest of Nepal. It is renowned as the birthplace of Siddhartha Gautam, who later transformed as Gautama Buddha, the founder of Buddhism. Lumbini holds immense religious and historical significance.

The main attraction in Lumbini is the Maya Devi Temple, which marks the precise location where Queen Maya Devi gave birth to Prince Siddhartha. The temple complex consists of the holy garden, the Ashoka Pillar, and the sacred pond where Queen Maya Devi is said to have bathed before giving birth.

The Marker Stone, which depicts a nativity scene and is thought to be the precise location of Buddha's birth, serves as the focal point of the Maya Devi Temple. At this holy place, pilgrims and guests can offer prayers, reflect and pay homage.

Numerous monasteries, stupas, and meditation facilities constructed by Buddhist groups from various nations surround the Maya Devi Temple. These provide tourists a varied range of cultural and spiritual experiences while also demonstrating the importance and global reach of Buddhism.



NEPAL POLICE

Truth, Service, Security



The current Nepal Police emblem was officially adopted on 29 December 2006. It contains a 'Khukuri' and a Baton surrounded by Lotus garland with the national flag on the top center. 'Khukuri', an icon of Nepal is the symbol of bravery and valor; Baton is the sign of international police and symbolizes defender of moral values; Lotus garland represents pureness and loyalty and the national flag represents patriotism. The text beneath reads Nepal Police, name of the organization and 'Satya, Sewa, Surakshanam' the police motto which means truth, service and security.



MOTTO

Truth,
Service,
Security.

VISION

A people focused,
fair and professional
Police service.

MISSION

Maintain a peaceful & secure
society through effective
prevention & investigation
of crime & enforcement of laws,
upholding the highest standards
of professionalism as guided
by the principles of rule
of law with respect for &
observance of human rights.

CORE VALUES

Professional Competence,
Courage,
Integrity,
Reverence for the Law,
Respect for People,
Fairness and Compassion,
Loyalty,
Commitment and Hardwork.

NEPAL POLICE: Looking back into the past



Mahavir Bhawan: the neo-classical building from the Rana Period served as the first Police headquarters.

The formal inception of the Nepal Police after the promulgation of the Police Act, 1955, was preceded by the mobilization of different units, scattered across the country, based on their timeline and geographical distribution. To varying degrees, these units performed similar roles as those of the current police system. Until then, *Umarau*, *Faujidar*, *Naike*, *Dware*, *Kotwal*, *Chowkidar*, *Militia*, and many other nomenclatures can be traced in the historical development of policing in Nepal.

More importantly, the systematic mobilization of police to maintain security started in 1914. That year, the then Prime Minister Chandra Shumsher issued the first Prahari Sabal (Police Directives), which handed over the responsibility of maintaining security to the Police in Birgunj. By the end of 1919, Chandra Shumsher had issued a District Police Inspector's Sabal in order to hand over the responsibility of law and order to the police in the Kathmandu Valley. During the reign of Chandra Shumsher JBR (1863-1929), he issued various Sabals to establish Police *Goshwara*, Police Stations and Outposts (*Chauki*) in other districts of the Terai. Also, one Sadar Police Station, six Police Stations and 17 Outposts (*Chauki*) were set up at *Goshwara* Hanuman Dhoka to maintain security in the Kathmandu valley. These initiatives taken to reform the police played a crucial role in the institutionalization of systematic policing in Nepal. In the following years, the establishment of the Militia, Thana Police Chauki, and the Office of Inspector General of Police gradually shaped the Police into this modern "Nepal Police".

The Police Headquarters was established in 1951 to mobilize the police units in an organized manner which were scattered in different parts of Nepal, and the entire responsibility of police administration was conferred to the Inspector General of Police, Toran Shamsheer JBR. He was officially appointed

as the first Inspector General of Police (IGP) in 1955. The Police Reform Commission was formed by the then King Mahendra to remove the existing weaknesses in the police system and strengthen the organizational structure of the Nepal Police. Based on its recommendations, the police organization was legalized as the Nepal Police Force after the promulgation of the Police Act in 1955 (B.S. 2012). Politically, Nepal adopted parliamentary government under the multi-party system, which remained for some years, and in 1960, the Panchayat System replaced it. The establishment of the Central Police Training Centre took place in 1956. In order to foster international police cooperation and collaboration in international operations, Nepal Police joined INTERPOL as its 100th member in 1967.

The Police Reform Commission was constituted in the year 1992, after the multiparty democratic system was reinstated through the people's democratic movement in 1990. The strengthening and modernization of the Police took place at a pace as per the development of the time. The first contingent of Police personnel was deployed to the UN Mission in 1992 to serve the international community in blue helmets.

Nepal Police and Province Police (Operation, Supervision and Coordination) Act, 2020 and Police Personnel Adjustment Act, 2020 were enacted to set the police in federalism in order to materialize the provision of federalism enshrined in the Constitution of Nepal 2015. Currently, Nepal Police, with a strength of 79,541 Police personnel, serves the people and nation through 2,260 police units and has been established as an effective law enforcement agency and strong frontal mechanism of the Government of Nepal (GoN) to maintain security in the country.



NEPAL POLICE UNIFORMS



Militia



Kotwali-I



Kotwali - II



Chaukidar



Amini



Ramdal (Jamdar)



Ramdal



Apprentice

Early period - 1950's



Traffic Uniform



Traffic Uniform



Female Uniform



Male Uniform



Female Office Uniform



Male Office Uniform



Field Uniform



Traffic Uniform

1950-1990

Post 1990 - till date

SPECIALIZED BUREAUS of NEPAL POLICE



INTERPOL

GLOBAL LAW ENFORCEMENT



INTERPOL

Overview and its mission:

Established in 07 September, 1923 AD, INTERPOL, short for the International Criminal Police Organization, is an inter-governmental organization established with the aim to facilitate international police cooperation.

INTERPOL's primary mission "Promote global security by supporting law enforcement agencies around the world in their efforts to prevent and combat crime".

PRESIDENTS

Johannes Schober, Austria
(1923-1932)



Franz Brandl, Austria
(1932-1934)



Eugen Seydel, Austria
(1934-1935)



Michael Skubl, Austria
(1935-1938)



Otto Steinhäusl, Germany
(1938-1940)



Reinhard Heydrich, Germany
(1940-1942)



Arthur Nebe, Germany
(1942-1943)



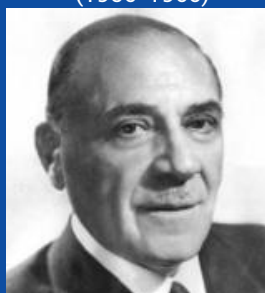
Ernst Kaltenbrunner, Germany
(1943-1945)



Florent Louwage, Belgium
(1945-1956)



Agostinho Lourenco, Portugal
(1956-1960)



Sir Richard L. Jackson, UK
(1960-1963)



Fjalar Jarva, Finland
(1963-1964)



PRESIDENTS

Firmin Franssen, Belgium
(1964-1968)



Paul Dickopf, F. R. of Germany
(1968-1972)



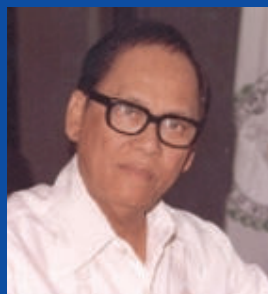
William L. Higgitt, Canada
(1972-1976)



Carl G. Persson, Sweden
(1976-1980)



Jolly R. Bugarin, Philippines
(1980-1984)



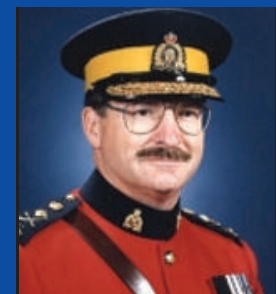
John R. Simpson, US
(1984-1988)



Ivan Barbot, France
(1988-1992)



Norman D. Inkster, Canada
(1992-1994)



Björn Eriksson, Sweden
(1994-1996)



Toshinori Kanemoto, Japan
(1996-2000)



Jesús Espigares-Mira, Spain
(2000-2004)



Jackie Selebi, South Africa
(2004-2008)



PRESIDENTS

Khoo Boon Hui, Singapore
(2008-2012)



Mireille Ballestrazzi, France
(2012-2016)



Meng Hongwei, China
(2016-2018)



Kim Jong Yang, Republic of Korea
(2018-2021)



INCUMBENT PRESIDENT

Ahmed Naser Al-Raisi, UAE
(2021-present)



SECRETARY GENERALS

Oskar Dressler, Austria
(1932-1946)



Louis Ducloux, France
(1946-1951)



Marcel Sicot, France
(1951-1963)



Jean Népote, France
(1963-1978)



André Bossard, France
(1978-1985)



Raymond Kendall, UK
(1985-2000)



Ronald K. Noble, US
(2000-2014)



INCUMBENT SECRETARY GENERAL

Jürgen Stock, Germany
(2014-present)



HISTORY OF INTERPOL



With the long and tireless efforts from the early 20th century, the idea of International Police Cooperation was developed which was formally initiated on The International Criminal Police Congress, held at Monaco in 1914 featuring representatives from 24 different countries, was one significant landmark in the establishment of ICPO.

The successful story continued to the first International Criminal Police Congress, attended by representatives from 20 countries, held in Vienna, Austria on September 7, 1923 resulting in the foundation of INTERPOL's predecessor, the International Criminal Police Commission (ICPC). From its establishment until 1932, Dr. Johannes Schober, President of the Vienna Police, presided over INTERPOL. The ICPC officially changed its

name to the International Criminal Police Organization (ICPO - INTERPOL), reflecting its evolving role and expanded membership in 1956.

Initially, INTERPOL Headquarters was established in Vienna, Austria which was moved to Paris, France in 1946. It was again relocated to Lyon, France in 1989. Since then, Lyon has been the epicenter of INTERPOL's operations, housing its state-of-the-art facilities and serving as a testament to its enduring commitment to global policing.

After the establishment with only 20 members in the beginning, the organization has substantially increase its membership during the journey and came to unite 195 different countries over the world.



KEY DATES

In 1947, first Red Notice was issued against a Russian fugitive wanted for the murder of a police officer. The Red Notice, which functions as a global notice for people in need of assistance, contains a person's name and an outline of the allegations brought against them.

After World War II, Belgium took the lead in re-establishing the Organization. The President and Executive Committee were elected democratically, and the Headquarters were relocated to Paris, France.

The Organization's telegraphic address was designated as "INTERPOL" in the same year.

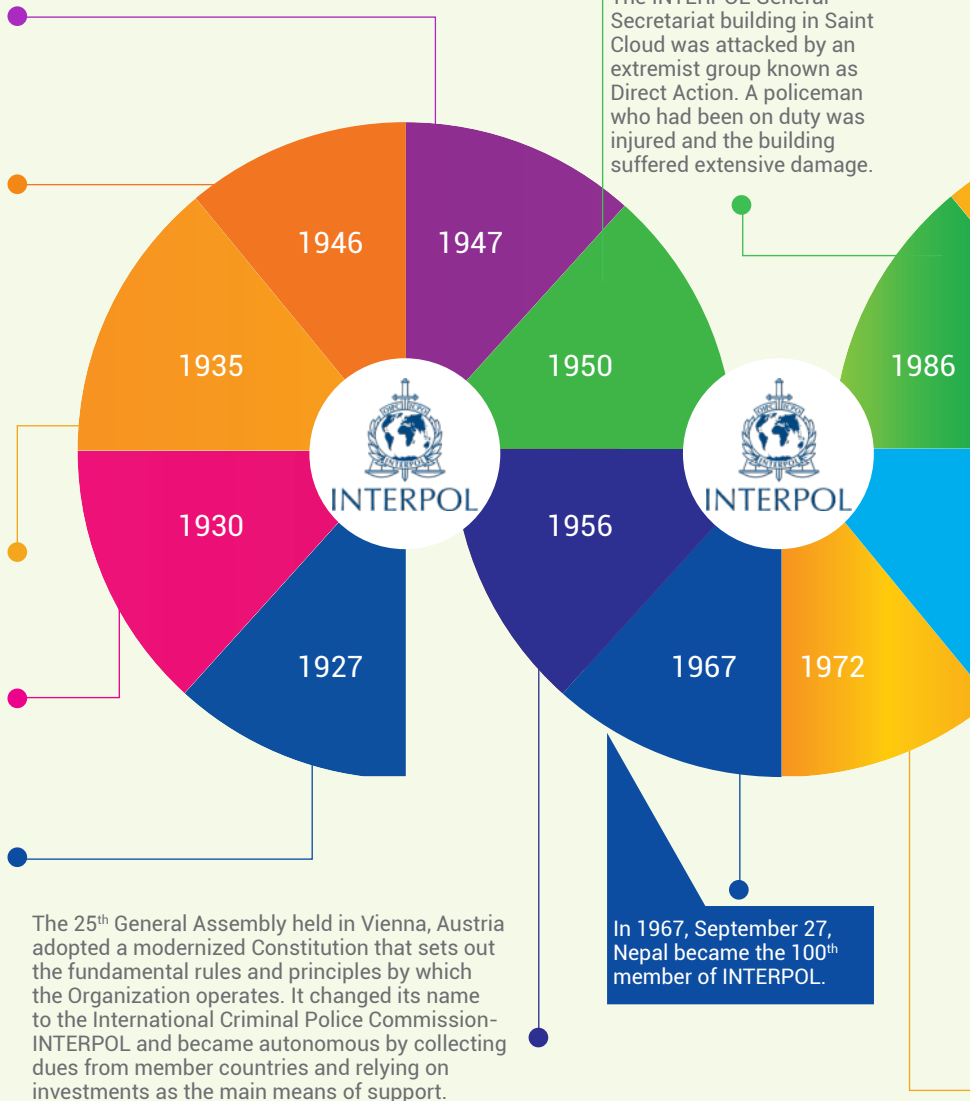
In 1935, the Organization's international radio network was launched, providing an independent telecommunications system solely for the use of the criminal police authorities at national level.

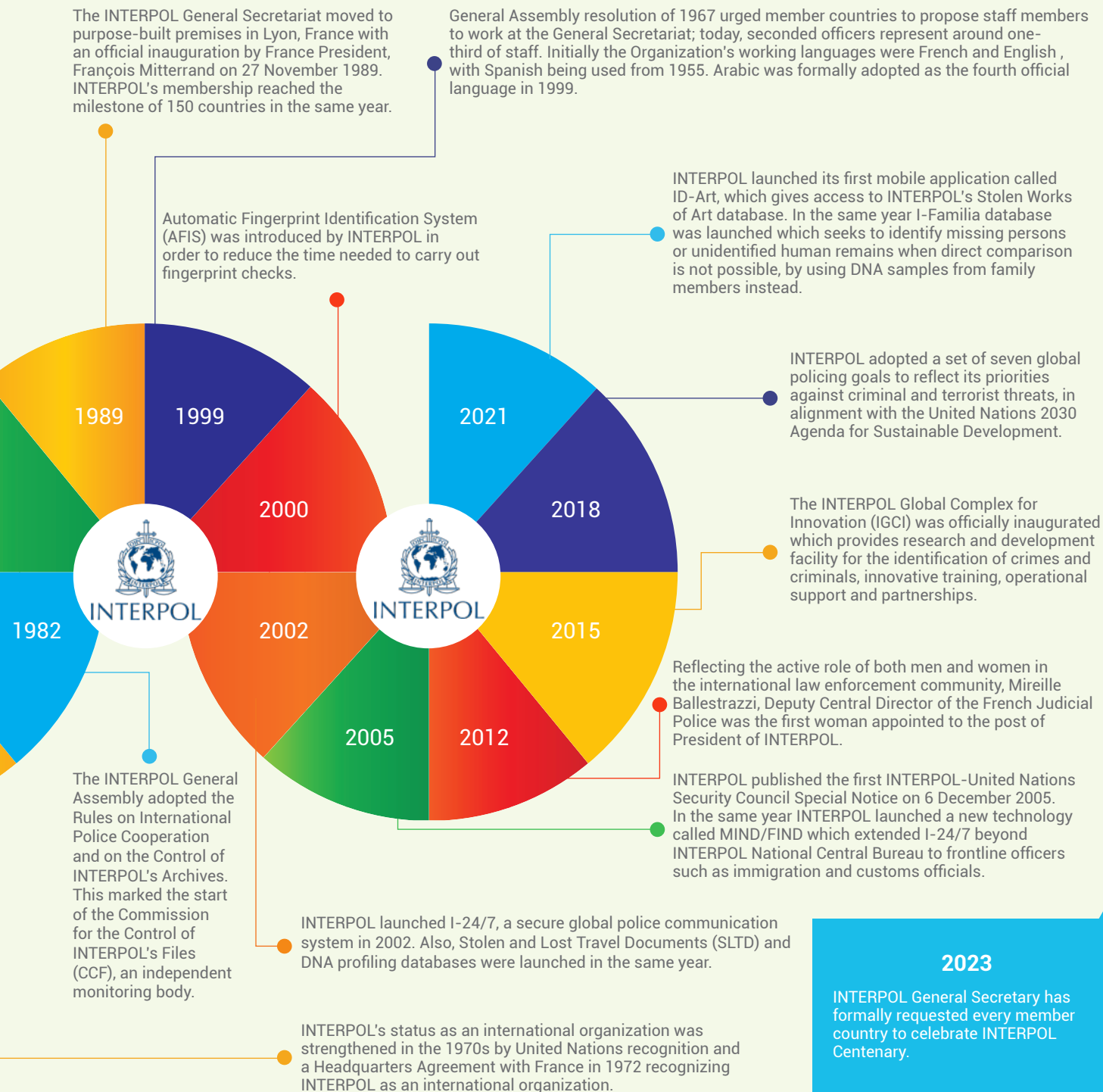
By 1930, specialized departments had been established to deal with criminal records, currency counterfeiting and passport forgery.

Participants at the 4th General Assembly session held in Amsterdam in 1927 adopted a Resolution that each member country should establish a central point of contact within its police structure; this was the forerunner of today's National Central Bureau (NCB).

The emblem and flag have been in use since 1950. The emblem comprises the globe, indicating its activities are worldwide, olive branches symbolizing peace, scales symbolizing justice and a vertical sword, symbolizing police action. The flag, used for protocol and events, has the emblem in the centre, and four lightning flashes which symbolize telecommunications and speed in police action.

The INTERPOL General Secretariat building in Saint Cloud was attacked by an extremist group known as Direct Action. A policeman who had been on duty was injured and the building suffered extensive damage.





FOUR CORE FUNCTION OF INTERPOL

Secure Global Police Communication Services:

INTERPOL member countries exchange and access the information via a secured communication system known as I-24/7.

Operational Data Services and Databases for Police:

As of now INTERPOL has total of 19 databases which consists of information related to wanted criminals, missing persons, fingerprints, DNA profiles, stolen or lost travel documents, stolen motor vehicles, child sexual abuse pictures and stolen works of art. There are 8 different types of notices which are issued by INTERPOL on the request of NCBs.

Police Training and Development:

INTERPOL always focus on the enhancement to fight against the advanced transnational crimes and to meet that purpose Capacity Building Team always provides knowledge and skilled based training to the law enforcing officials from member countries.

Operational Police support services:

INTERPOL focus on the main six crime areas: Corruption, Drugs and Organized Crime, Financial and High-Tech Crime, Fugitives, Public Safety and Terrorism, and Human Trafficking. INTERPOL works for 24-hour Command and Co-ordination Centre (CCC) to provide assistance to any member countries seeking operational support regarding a crisis situation or exchange of information.

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS OF UN ADOPTED BY INTERPOL

GOAL 1



Counter the
threat of
terrorism



GOAL 2



Promote
border integrity
worldwide



GOAL 3



Protect
vulnerable
communities



GOAL 4



Secure cyberspace
for people and
businesses



GOAL 6



Curb illicit
markets



GOAL 7



Support
environmental
security and
sustainability



GOAL 5



Promote
global integrity

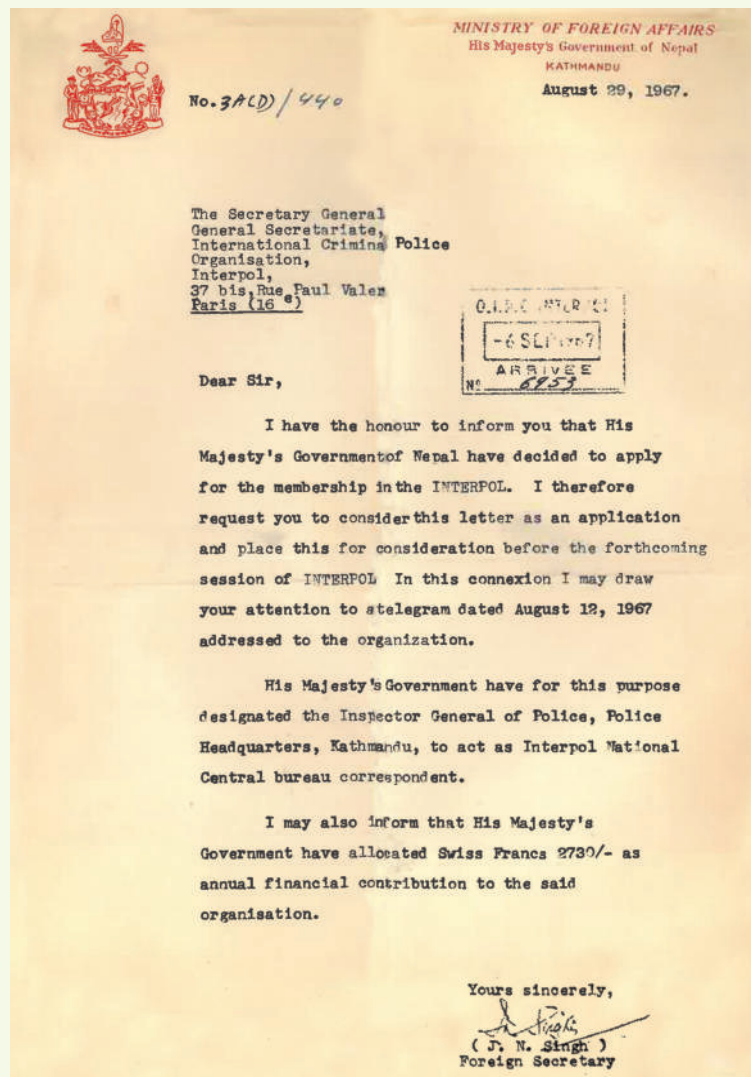


NATIONAL CENTRAL BUREAU

Kathmandu, Nepal

Nepal became the 100th member of INTERPOL at the 36th General Assembly (G.A.) session, which took place in Kyoto, Japan, on September 27, 1967. The Inspector General of Police serves as the Head of National Central Bureau (NCB) Kathmandu.

NCB Kathmandu connects the law enforcement agencies with other countries and also with the General Secretariat through the secure global police communications network called I-24/7.



Request letter for membership of INTERPOL

25/04/66 14:35 Pg. 2

13321

INTERPOL 27658
230 1843
11 PARIS OFFL

KATHMANDU 8PA244/5963 30 18 1405 =

INTERPOL PARIS =

ON BEHALF OF HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT OF NEPAL HAVE HONOUR TO APPLY FOR NEPAL'S MEMBERSHIP IN THE INTERPOL FOR CONSIDERATION IN FORTH COMING YEAR. THE FOLLOWING IS FOREIGN SECRETARY.

ENV I FIN
INTERPOL 27658P
11 PARIS OFFL

18 AUG 1967

Dear Sir,

I am very happy to be able to inform you that the Assembly of the I.C.P.O.-INTERPOL meeting in Kyoto at its session approved your application for membership in the year by 58 votes in favour and 0 vote against, with 4 abstentions.

Many congratulations on your success.

I have already contacted the Inspector General of Nepal and made the necessary arrangements with him to enable the Nepalese police to co-operate not only with the police of the other 99 member countries but also with the police of the other 99 member countries.

Yours faithfully,

J. NEPOTE
Secretary General

Mr. J.W. SINGH
Foreign Secretary
Ministry of Foreign Affairs
KATHMANDU, Nepal.

Copy to:
The Inspector General of Police,
Police Headquarters,

3. PV/1

The President said that he would reply to this letter and send Mr. Katterekirch the best wishes of the Assembly.

(Applause)

APPLICATIONS FOR MEMBERSHIP

The SECRETARY GENERAL informed the Assembly that two countries had submitted applications in due form for membership of the Organization: Iraq and Nepal. He read the application from Nepal which had been sent in telegraphic form on 18th August 1967 and a letter written on 29th August 1967 by the Nepalese Minister of Foreign Affairs. He then asked the Iraqi representative to submit his country's application.

The Representative of Iraq explained that his country's Government had felt the need for co-operation with international police activities for several years and had now decided to apply for membership of the I.C.P.O. He assured the Assembly that his Government would do all in its power to promote the success of the Organization.

(Applause)

A vote on the applications from Iraq and Nepal was held by roll-call and secret ballot.

Results of the ballot:	
Number of delegations voting:	62
Number of votes in favour	58
Number of votes against	0
Abstentions	4

4. PV/1

The PRESIDENT expressed his satisfaction with the results of the ballot and declared that Iraq and Nepal were now members of the I.C.P.O.

(Applause)

The Iraqi representative then took his seat among the other delegations.

The IRAQI DELEGATE expressed his deep gratitude to the Assembly for accepting his country as a member of the Interpol community and said that his country's police would spare no effort to co-operate with their counterparts in other countries to combat international crime. He then said he wished to take advantage of the opportunity afforded him to thank the Japanese Government for its warm hospitality.

(Applause)

4. PROGRESS REPORT (Report No. 1)

The PRESIDENT asked the delegates to turn to Report No. 1 which gave an account of the activities of the Organization and of the General Secretariat since the previous General Assembly session. The SECRETARY GENERAL then said he would comment on the Report in detail and asked the Assembly to request any further explanations they felt they needed.

1. RELATIONS WITH COUNTRIES

The SECRETARY GENERAL began by saying how pleased he was that the I.C.P.O. now had a hundred members. He then said that he was certain that the Asian Regional Conference - which had begun its meeting on

Official documents of Nepal's membership in INTERPOL

OBJECTIVES OF NCB KATHMANDU



WORKING MODULE OF NCB KATHMANDU



STRENGTHENING INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION

PARTICIPATION IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY (GA)



37th GA, Tehran, 1968



38th GA, Mexico City, 1969



41st GA, Frankfurt, Germany, 1972



43rd GA, Kennis, 1974



44th GA, Buenos Aires, Argentina 1975



45th GA, Acra, Ghana, 1976



46th GA, Stockholm, Sweden, 1977



47th GA, Panama City, Panama, 1978



49th GA, Manila, Philippines, 1980



50th GA, Nice, France, 1981



51th GA, Toremollin, 1982



52th GA, Kennis, 1983



53th GA, Luxembourg, 1984



54th GA, Washington, USA, 1985



56th GA, Nice, France, 1987



57th GA, Bangkok, Thailand, 1988



58th GA, Lyon, France, 1989



59th GA, Ottawa, Canada, 1990



60th GA, Punta del, Uruguay, 1991



61st GA, Dakar, Senegal, 1992



62nd GA, Aruba, 1993



63rd GA, Rome, Italy, 1994



64th GA, Beijing, China, 1995



65th GA, Antalya, Turkey, 1996



66th GA, New Delhi, India, 1997



67th GA, Cairo, Egypt, 1998



68th GA, Seoul, Korea, 1999



69th GA, Rhodes, Greece, 2000



70th GA, Budapest, Hungary, 2001



72nd GA, Benidorm, Spain, 2003



75th GA, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, 2006



76th GA, Marrakech, Morocco, 2007



78th GA, Singapore, 2009



79th GA, Doha, Qatar, 2010



80th GA, Hanoi, Vietnam, 2011



81st GA, Rome, Italy, 2012



82th GA, Cartagena de Indias, Colombia, 2013



85th GA, Bali, Indonesia, 2016



86th GA, Beijing, China, 2017



87th GA, Abu Dhabi, UAE, 2018



88th GA, Santiago, Chili, 2019



89th GA, Istanbul, Turkey, 2021



90th GA, New Delhi, India, 2022

PARTICIPATION OF NEPAL IN INTERPOL GA

S.N.	GA	YEAR	HOST NATION	NAME OF PARTICIPANTS
1	37	1968	Tehran	SP Durlav Kumar Thapa DSP Padam Kumar Nepali
2	38	1969	Mexico	IGP Rom Bahadur Thapa DSP Padam Kumar Nepali
3	39	1970	Belgium	IGP Rom Bahadur Thapa DSP Hem Bahadur Singh
4	40	1971	Canada	IGP Rom Bahadur Thapa SP Chandra Bir Rai
5	41	1972	Germany	IGP Khadgajeet Baral DSP Padam Kumar Nepali
6	42	1973	Austria	IGP Khadgajeet Baral DSP Padam Kumar Nepali
7	43	1974	France	IGP Khadgajeet Baral
8	44	1975	Argentina	IGP Khadgajeet Baral DSP Govinda Karma Thapa
9	45	1976	Ghana	IGP Khadgajeet Baral DSP Govinda Karma Thapa
10	46	1977	Sweden	IGP Khadgajeet Baral
11	47	1978	Panama	IGP Durlav Kumar Thapa
12	48	1979	Kenya	DSP Govinda Karma Thapa
13	49	1980	Philippines	DIGP Ratna SJB Rana
14	50	1981	France	IGP Durlav Kumar Thapa DSP Indra Bahadur Sherchan
15	51	1982	Spain	IGP Dil Bahadur Lama Insp Mohan Bahadur Pandey
16	52	1983	France	IGP Dil Bahadur Lama SP Indra Bahadur Sherchan
17	53	1984	Luxembourg	DIGP Ratna SJB Rana DSP Anant Ram Bhattarai
18	54	1985	USA	IGP Dil Bahadur Lama SP Dhruba Bahadur Pradhan Insp Mohan Bahadur Pandey
19	55	1986	Serbia	IGP Hem Bahadur Singh SP Shambhu Thapa Insp Chetnath Ghimire
20	56	1987	France	IGP Hem Bahadur Singh SSP Dhanbir Rai SP Ram Kaji Bantawa

21	57	1988	Thailand	IGP Hem Bahadur Singh SSP Som Kant Sharma DSP Mohan Bahadur Pandey
22	58	1989	France	IGP Hem Bahadur Singh SSP Sudarshan Samsher Thapa Insp Sushilbar Singh Thapa
23	59	1990	Canada	SP Anant Ram Bhattarai DSP Krishna Basnet
24	60	1991	Uruguay	IGP Ratna SJB Rana DIGP Rudra Bahadur Pandey
25	61	1992	Senegal	DIGP Achyut Krishna Kharel SP Anant Ram Bhattarai
26	62	1993	Aruba	IGP Motilal Bohara SSP Govinda Prasad Thapa DSP Amod Chandra Gurung
27	63	1994	Italy	IGP Motilal Bohara DIGP Dhalman Thapa DSP Rajesh Bal
28	64	1995	China	AIGP Achyut Krishna Kharel DIGP Pradip Shumsher J.B.R. DSP Upendra Kant Aryal
29	65	1996	Turkey	IGP Motilal Bohara DSP Nawaraj Silwal
30	66	1997	India	IGP Dhruba Bahadur Pradhan AIGP Ram Kaji Bantawa SP Kumar Koirala SP Amod Chandra Gurung DSP Keshar Bahadur Shahi
31	67	1998	Egypt	IGP Achyut Krishna Kharel AIGP Dhalman Thapa DSP Subodh Ghimire
32	68	1999	South Korea	AIGP Pradip Shumsher J.B.R. DIGP Ramesh Raj Lama DSP Pashupati Upadhaya
33	69	2000	Greece	AIGP Krishna Mohan Shrestha DIGP Sahabir Thapa DSP Pashupati Upadhaya
34	70	2001	Hungary	IGP Pradip Shumsher J.B.R. AIGP Anant Ram Bhattarai DSP Gyanod Raj Vaidya

S.N.	GA	YEAR	HOST NATION	NAME OF PARTICIPANTS
35	71	2002	Cameroon	AIGP Shyam Bhakta Thapa DIGP Sharada Parajuli DSP Pashupati Upadhaya
36	72	2003	Spain	IGP Shyam Bhakta Thapa DIGP Kumar Koirala SP Pashupati Upadhaya
37	74	2005	Germany	IGP Shyam Bhakta Thapa AIGP Rajendra Bahadur Singh SSP Krishna Bahadur Thapa SP Bam Bahadur Bhandari SP Pashupati Upadhaya
38	75	2006	Brazil	IGP Om Bikram Rana AIGP Rabi Shrestha SP Pashupati Upadhaya
39	76	2007	Morocco	IGP Om Bikram Rana AIGP Amar Singh Shah DIGP Nabaraj Bista (APF) SP Pashupati Upadhaya
40	77	2008	Russia	IGP Hem Bahadur Gurung AIGP Kishor Kumar Lama (APF) SP Dhiru Basnyat
41	78	2009	Singapore	Home Minister Bhim Rawal IGP Ramesh Chand Thakuri SP Dhiru Basnyat
42	79	2010	Qatar	IGP Ramesh Chand Thakuri DSP Kedar Rajaure
43	80	2011	Vietnam	IGP Rabindra Pratap Shah IGP Shailendra Shrestha (APF) DSP Dan Bahadur Karki
44	81	2012	Italy	DPM Bijay Kumar Gachchhadar IGP Kuber Singh Rana IGP Kosh Raj Onta (APF) Under Secretary Dilli Pokhrel SP Puskar Karki Official Rita Rana

45	82	2013	Colombia	IGP Kuber Singh Rana IGP Kosh Raj Onta (APF) DSP Narahari Regmi
46	83	2014	Monaco	IGP Kosh Raj Onta (APF) AIGP Ramesh Shekhar Bajracharya AIGP Durja Kumar Rai (APF) DSP Bhupendra Khatri DSP Narahari Regmi
47	84	2015	Rwanda	IGP Upendra Kant Aryal AIGP Bigyan Raj Sharma DIGP Nawaraj Silwal Insp Devendra Pandey
48	85	2016	Indonesia	IGP Upendra Kant Aryal IGP Durja Kumar Rai (APF) AIGP Bigyan Raj Sharma DIG Suraj Kumar Shrestha (APF) DSP Basundhara Khadka
49	86	2017	China	IGP Prakash Aryal AIGP Bam Bahadur Bhandari SP Kiran Bajracharya
50	87	2018	UAE	IGP Sarbendra Khanal DIGP Niraj Bahadur Shahi SP Umesh Raj Joshi
51	88	2019	Chili	IGP Sarbendra Khanal DIGP Niraj Bahadur Shahi SSP Umesh Raj Joshi
52	89	2021	Turkey	IGP Shailesh Thapa Kshetri AIGP Pradhumna Kumar Karki SP Sabin Pradhan
53	90	2022	India	IGP Dhiraj Pratap Singh DIGP Umesh Raj Joshi SSP Bishnu Prasad Bhatta (APF) SP Anupam SJB Rana Insp Yam Kumar Shrestha

Participation in Head of NCB Conference (HNCB)



2nd Head of NCB, Lyon, France, June 2006



12th Head of NCB, Lyon, France



17th Head of NCB, Lyon, France, 28-30 November 2022

Glimpse of 18th Head of NCB Conference, Singapore 2023



Head of NCB Kathmandu, IGP Basanta Bahadur Kunwar addressing the conference



INTERPOL President, Secretary General and Executive Committee with Head of NCBs and participating officers



IGP Basanta Bahadur Kunwar and SP Anupam SJB Rana attending the conference

Participation in INTERPOL Asian Regional Conference



10th INTERPOL Asian Regional Conference, Kathmandu, Nepal 21st - 24th February, 1989



19th INTERPOL Asian Regional Conference, Jakarta, Indonesia 11th-13th April 2006



23rd INTERPOL Asian Regional Conference, Kathmandu, Nepal, 18th -20th January 2017



24th INTERPOL Asian Regional Conference, Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates, 7th -9th February 2023

Involvement of Nepal Police in various projects of INTERPOL



Project RELAY
Regional Border Security - Intelligence Gathering Workshop
Colombo, Sri Lanka, 14th - 15th September 2017



Project KALKAN
Working Group Meeting - The Transnational Terrorist Threat in South Asia
Kathmandu, Nepal, 4th-5th December 2018



Project SOTERIA
Information Sharing and Skill Building Exercise
Kathmandu Nepal. 18th - 21st July 2022



Project LEADER
Policing Capabilities Table - Top Exercise
Kathmandu, Nepal, 1st-5th August 2022



Project LEADER
Mentoring Program for Digital Forensics and Monitoring visit
Kathmandu Nepal. 27th Nov. - 01th Dec. 2022



Project LEADER team visit to NPHQ, Naxal
Kathmandu Nepal. 01th Dec. 2022

NEPAL POLICE OFFICERS WORKING IN INTERPOL



Superintendent of Police, Rabin Basnyat

Working as Digital Forensic Analyst at Capacity Building and Training Directorate in INTERPOL Global Complex for Innovation, Singapore since 22 March, 2021



Deputy Superintendent of Police, Raj Kumar Thing

Working as Criminal Intelligence Analyst at INTERPOL Headquarters Lyon, France since 01 February, 2023

INTERPOL DATABASES

S.N.	Year	Database	Description
1	1995	WOA	Work of Art Database
2	1996	SMV	Stolen Motor Vehicles
3	1998	ICIS	INTERPOL Criminal Information System
4	2000	AFIS	Automatic Fingerprint Identification System
5	2002	DNA	Deoxyribonucleic acid
6	2002	SLTD	Stolen and Lost Travel Documents
7	2002	SAD	Stolen Administrative Documents
8	2005	GEIGER	Illicit trafficking and other unauthorized activities involving radiological and nuclear materials
9	2008	IFRT	INTERPOL Firearms Reference Table
10	2009	ICSE	International Child Sexual Exploitation
11	2009	IBIN	INTERPOL Ballistic Information Network
12	2011	EDISON TD	Electronic Documentation and Information system on Investigation Networks with Information on Travel Document
13	2011	GMDS	Global Maritime Security Database
14	2013	FIELDS	Frontex INTERPOL Electronic Library Document System
15	2013	SVD	Stolen Vessels Database
16	2013	I-ARMS	INTERPOL Illicit Arms Records and Tracing Management System
17	2016	FRD	Facial Recognition Database
18	2017	RELIEF	Automated comparison and analysis of the logo featured on drug packaging and more
19	2021	I-FAMILIA	Identify missing persons or unidentified human remains using DNA samples

INTERPOL NOTICES



**WANTED
PERSONS**



**MISSING
PERSONS**



**ADDITIONAL
INFORMATION**



**UNIDENTIFIED
BODIES**



**WARNING AND
INTELLIGENCE**



**IMMINENT
THREAT**



**MODUS
OPERANDI**



**INTERPOL – United
Nations Security Council
Special Notice**

Diffusions:

Similar to the Notice, diffusion is issued for the same purposes as notices but sent directly by a member country or an international entity to the countries of their choice. Diffusions are also recorded in the Organization's police databases.

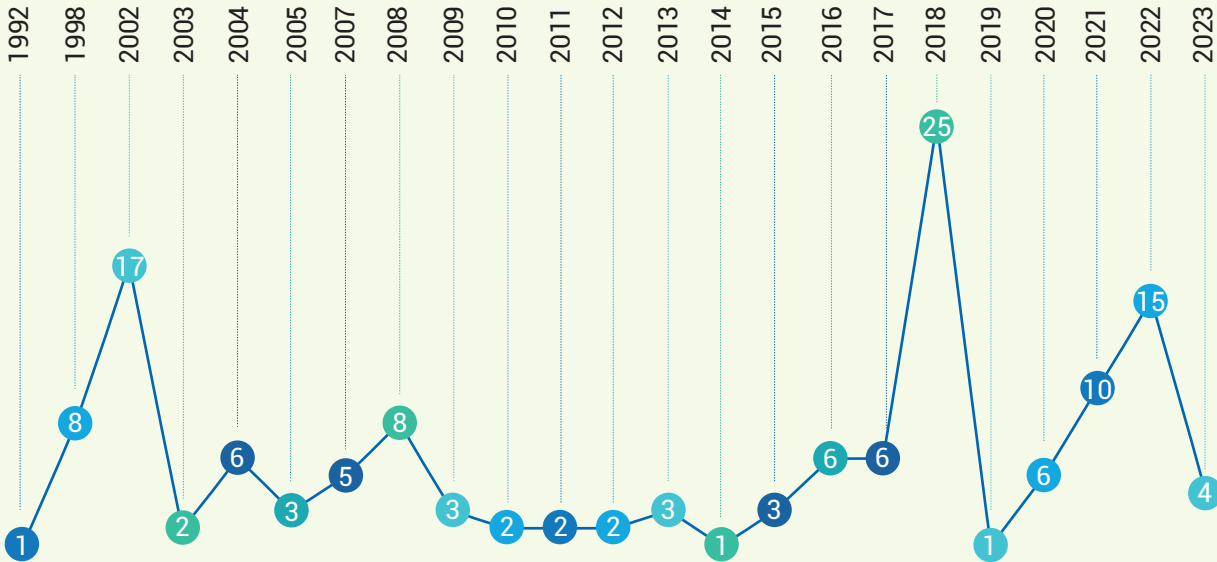
Data related to Notices and Diffusions issued by NCB Kathmandu



Red Notice:

First Red Notice was issued on 27 January, 1992 against the fugitive who escaped from Central Jail of Nepal (He was sentenced for imprisonment of 12 years on the charge of attempting murder of a journalist)

Total Red Notice issued: 139

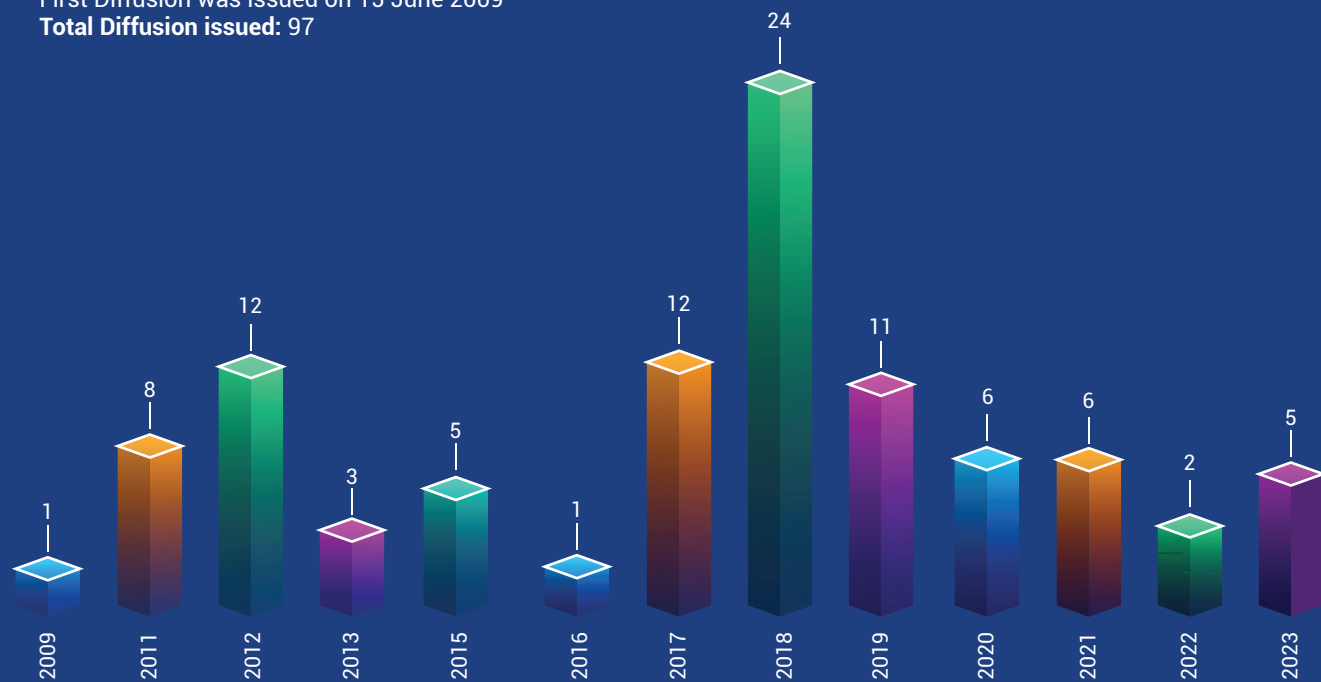


Source: NCB Kathmandu (As of 14 August 2023)

Diffusion:

First Diffusion was issued on 15 June 2009

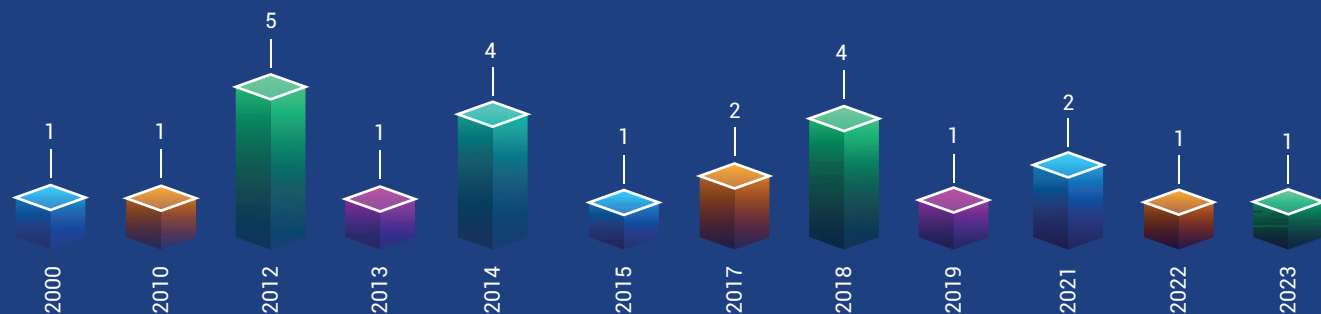
Total Diffusion issued: 97



Yellow Notice:

First Yellow Notice was issued on 11 September 2000

Total Yellow Notice issued: 24:





Black Notice:
First Black Notice was issued
on 9 June 2015

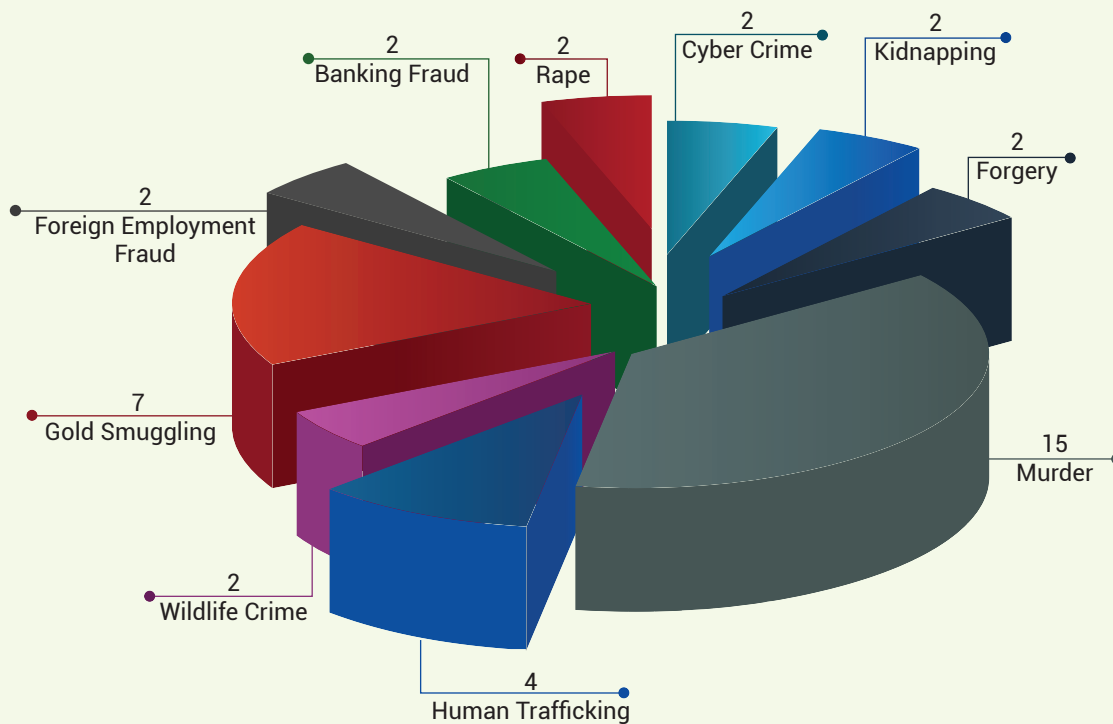


Purple Notice:
First Purple Notice was issued
on 11 June 2015



Blue Notice:
First Blue Notice was issued
on 25 January 2023

NCB Kathmandu action against fugitives



NCB Kathmandu has successfully brought back 40 absconding fugitives through the co-ordination and support of INTERPOL member countries.

Source: NCB Kathmandu (As of 28 August 2023)

SERVING THE NATION









Commemorating 50th Anniversary Celebration of INTERPOL

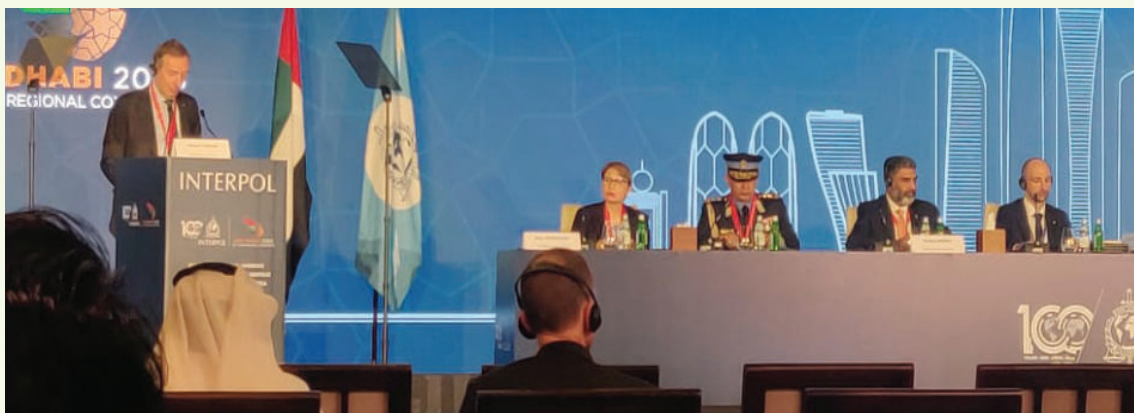
NCB Kathmandu, on the occasion of INTERPOL 50th anniversary, had issued Postal stamp worth Rs. 0.25 with the imprint of old building of INTERPOL Headquarters, old logo of INTERPOL and Nepal Police.



INTERPOL CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION

Beginning of Centennial Celebrations

On 31 January 2023, INTERPOL requested all member countries to commemorate the organization's 100th anniversary this year. In connection to the same, the Former IGP and the then Head of NCB Kathmandu Mr. Dhiraj Pratap Singh put forth a plan for centennial celebration on panel discussions during the 24th Asian Regional Conference at Abu Dhabi. Nepal, the 100th INTERPOL Nation, is now organizing various programs to mark the 100th anniversary celebration.



Former IGP, Head of NCB Kathmandu Mr. Dhiraj Pratap Singh on Panel Discussion during 24th Asian Regional Conference

Centennial Celebration theme

"Nepal, the 100th MEMBER, celebrates INTERPOL 100"



Inauguration of 40th IGP Running Shield Football Tournament by handing over INTERPOL's Centenary logo imprinted football.



For the Centenary Celebration, NCB Kathmandu inaugurated the celebration by presenting the referee with the INTERPOL Centenary logo imprinted football during the 40th IGP Running Shield Football Tournament by the then Executive Director of National Police Academy, AIGP Sahakul Bahadur Thapa.

Successful summit of Mt. Everest by officer of Nepal Police.



On 13 April 2023, Inspector General of Police and Head of NCB Kathmandu Mr. Basanta Bahadur Kunwar presented Senior Sub-Inspector of Nepal Police Mr. Purushottam Nepali with National flag of Nepal along with flags of Nepal Police and INTERPOL.

Senior Sub-Inspector of Nepal Police Mr. Purushottam Nepali successfully hoisted the National flag of Nepal, flags of INTERPOL and Nepal Police at the summit of Mt. Everest (8848.86 m) on 16 May 2023 at 10:15 AM. This victorious moment was the one-of-a-kind and outstanding accomplishment for the Centenary Celebration that NCB Kathmandu had envisioned, and this successful trip sent a powerful message to the world about the unwavering support between the Nepal Police and INTERPOL in the fight against transnational crime and taking international cooperation to a new height.



Victorious moment for Nepal Police as Senior Sub - Inspector of Nepal Police Purushottam Nepali hoists the National Flag of Nepal along with Flags of Nepal Police and INTERPOL at the summit of Mt. Everest (8848.86m) accompanied by Mr. Bibas Sherpa

Following the completion of this remarkable event, NCB Kathmandu organized a ceremony to commemorate the remarkable feat achieved by Mr. Purushottam Nepali, during which he was honored by the Hon. Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Home Affairs, Mr. Narayan Kaji Shrestha. Mr. Shrestha received the flag from Mr. Nepali and handed it over to the IGP, Mr. Basanta Bahadur Kunwar, for presenting it to the INTERPOL President and Secretary General.



Hon'ble Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Home Affairs, Mr. Narayan Kaji Shrestha receiving the hoisted flag from SSI Purushottam Nepali and handing it over to Head of NCB Kathmandu IGP Basanta Bahadur Kunwar



The INTERPOL flag, which was hoisted at the summit of Mount Everest, was presented to the INTERPOL President and Secretary General on 7 June 2023, by IGP Mr. Basanta Bahadur Kunwar, Head of NCB Kathmandu, on a special event during the 18th Head of NCB Conference held in Singapore.

Issuing Special Commemorative Cover for Centenary Celebration

In the honor of 100th anniversary celebration of INTERPOL, NCB Kathmandu has proposed to issue the postal stamp and Special Commemorative Cover.



Special Commemorative Cover



Proposed Postal Stamp

Nepal Police Mountaineering and Adventure Foundation (NPMAF)

On 29 June, 1976 A.D., the then Government established the Nepal Police Mountaineering and Adventure Foundation (NPMAF), a division of the Nepal Police, with the help of the then-IGP, Mr. Khadgajit Baral. This unit was established with 15 police personnels to control criminal activities in mountain regions and likewise, provide security and support to the mountaineers.

The foundation which was inactive for a while was activated again in 19 July 2023.

Achievements by Nepal Police Mountaineering and Adventure Foundation:

S.N.	Name of Mountains	Height (in.meters)	Expedition Year (B.S.)	Expedition Year (A.D.)	Remarks
1	Tukuche	6920	2033	1976	Nepal
2	Paabil	7102	2035	1978	Nepal – Japan
3	Cho yu	8201	2037	1981	Nepal – Japan
4	Bhrikuti	6364	2039	1982	Nepal – Austria
5	Kariolung	6511	2039	1982	Nepal – Japan
6	Lobuche	6119	2041	1984	Nepal
7	Annapurna 4th	7525	2042	1986	Nepal
8	Ganchempo	6387	2047	1990	Nepal
9	Cheo	6820	2048	1991	Nepal – Japan
10	Gyajikang	7038	2051	1994	Nepal – Japan
11	Gimigela	7350	2052	1995	Nepal – Japan
12	Ratnachuli	7035	2053	1996	Nepal – Japan

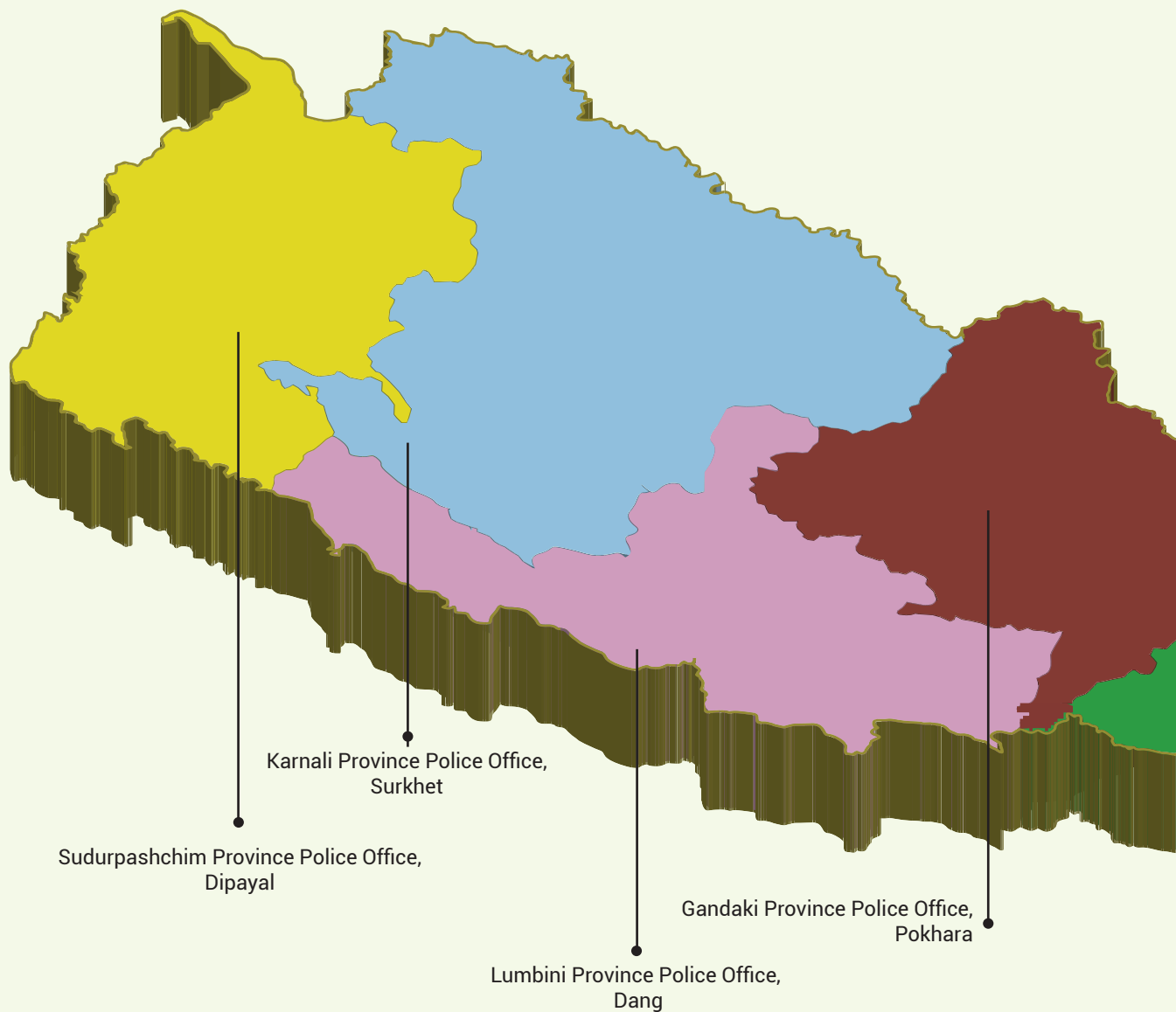


Nepal Police Personnel at the peak of Mt .Tukuche (6920 m.) for the first time in 1976.

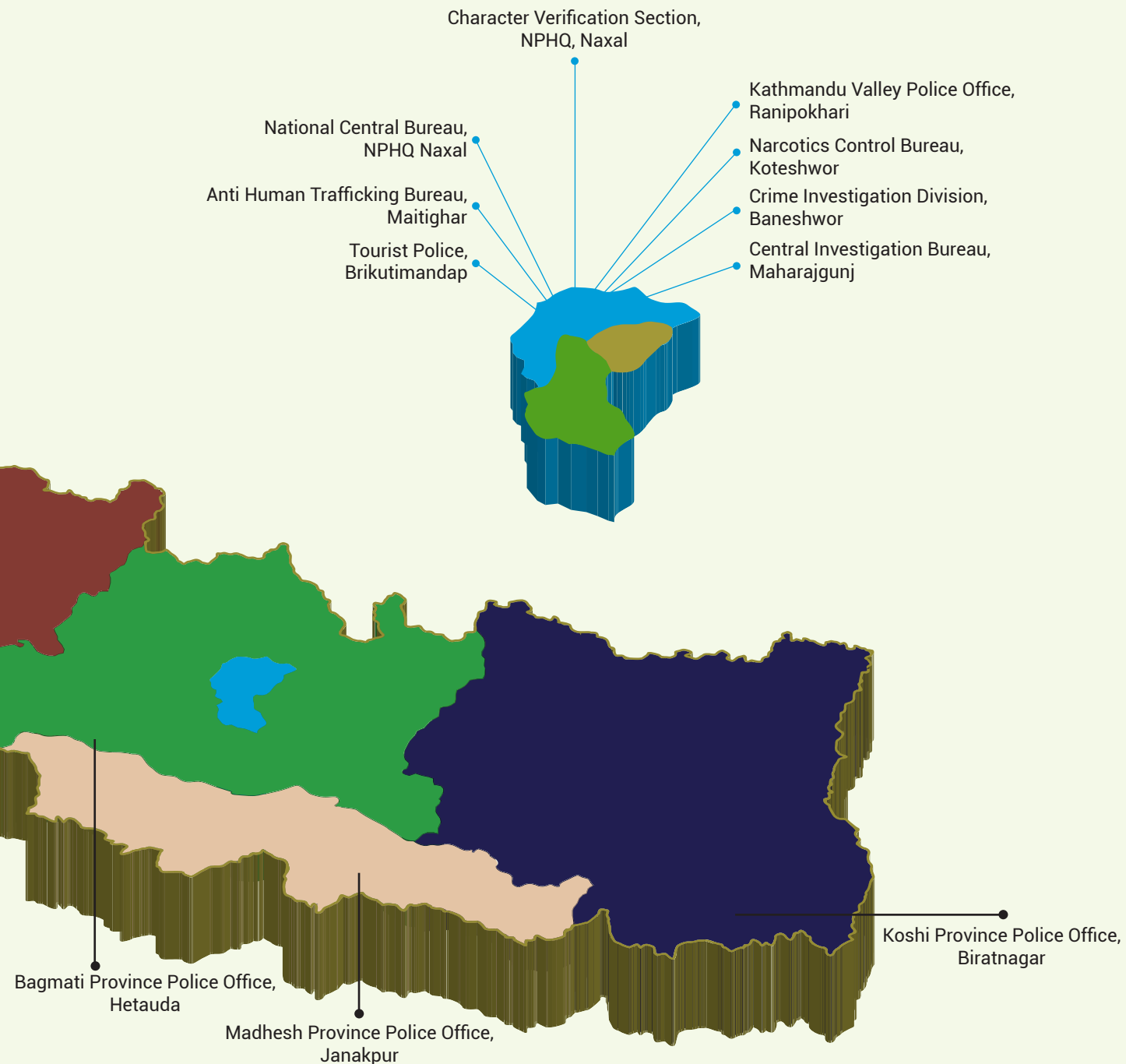


Nepal Police Personnel at the peak of Mt .Ratnachuli (7035 m.) in 1996.

NETWORK EXTENTION PLAN



NCB Kathmandu is planning for extension of I-24/7 network in various new locations of Nepal.



Team NCB Kathmandu



First row from left: SP Anupam SJB Rana, DIGP Surendra Prasad Mainali, IGP Basanta Bahadur Kunwar, AIGP Tek Bahadur Tamang, SSP Dilli Raj Pant, DSP Chhiring Kippa Lama

Second row from left: AHC Suraj Bhandari, AHC Surya Prakash Sunuwar, ASI Durlav Thapa, ASI Bibek Kumar Sah, SI Ujjwal Thapa, ASI Himal Bhandari, ASI Amar Nath Mandal, ASI Nabaraj Rai, AHC Bharat K.C., PC Kusum Lamichaney



NCB KATHMANDU, NEPAL
100th MEMBER SINCE 1967



NCB Kathmandu

Nepal Police Headquarters, Naxal
Kathmandu, Nepal

Email: interpol@nepalpolice.gov.np

I-24/7 Tel. No. + 977 01 4430411

Office Tel. No. +977 01 4420538



9 789937 145565